

October 2025

Oakwood Village

Oakwood Village Assisted Living & Memory Care | 388 Bell Rd. Auburn, CA 95603 | (530) 889-8122 | RCFE# 317000237



HAPPY
Birthday
TO YOU



Suzanne R. 10/2



Rebecca G. 10/7



Jonathan B. 10/17



Ken B. 10/21

The Bright Side of October

Orange is one of the most iconic colors of the fall season. From the changing leaves to ripe pumpkins and Halloween decorations, it's everywhere in October. But beyond its seasonal spotlight, orange has an interesting history and set of associations that make it stand out year-round.

The word *orange* didn't appear in English until around the 1300s, borrowed from the Old French *orange*, which came from Arabic *nāranj*—originally referring to the fruit. Before that, people in English-speaking areas would describe the color as “yellow-red.” It wasn't until the fruit became common in Europe that the word was used to describe the hue. In many cultures today, it represents creativity, change, and enthusiasm.

In nature, orange often signals warmth and energy. It's the color of fire, sunsets, and autumn leaves. In October, orange becomes especially visible. Pumpkins, perhaps the most famous fall symbol, take center stage during Halloween. Originally, jack-o'-lanterns were carved from turnips in Ireland, but when the tradition came to America, pumpkins were more plentiful and easier to carve. Their natural orange color made them perfect for the holiday's spooky glow. Orange also pairs well with black, Halloween's other signature color. While black represents darkness and mystery, orange balances it with brightness and warmth, making the two a striking seasonal combo.

Aside from Halloween, orange pops up throughout fall in decorations, wreaths, seasonal foods, and clothing. It evokes the cozy, crisp feel of the season and reminds us of harvest time. Even sports teams and schools often use orange in their autumn promotions and uniforms to reflect that seasonal energy.

While orange is not everyone's favorite color year-round—only five percent of people choose it as their favorite—it has certainly carved out a place in October's spotlight. Whether you're admiring the leaves, carving a pumpkin, or just sipping something cinnamon-spiced, you're likely soaking in a little bit of orange this season.

The Quiet Crusader



On October 21, 1854, Florence Nightingale and her staff of trained female volunteer nurses set out for Crimea near Ukraine's Black Sea. Reports had reached Britain of injured soldiers still fighting in the Crimean War. When Nightingale arrived, she discovered medicine

was scant, infections were rampant, and food was in short supply. The hospital itself was overcrowded, poorly ventilated, and backed up with sewage, so Nightingale pleaded for government help in an article written to Britain's leading newspaper, *The Times*.

The response was overwhelming. The government would build a new hospital in Britain that could be transported to and reconstructed in Crimea. Six months after Nightingale's arrival, the British Sanitary Commission ventured to Crimea to fix the hospital's most pressing problems. Surgeon and biographer Stephen Paget believes Nightingale's actions were responsible for reducing the hospital death rate from 42% to 2%.

Florence Nightingale's persuasive tactics to improve hospital hygiene—with the government's help—are only part of her legacy. During the Crimean War she earned the nickname "The Lady with the Lamp." After the medical officers had left each night, Nightingale would visit all the wounded soldiers, one by one, with a lamp in her hands. This type of round-the-clock care, coupled with her insistence on sanitation, helped revolutionize modern nursing. She returned to Britain a heroine and promptly organized the Nightingale Fund to pay for the improvement of Britain's hospitals and the Nightingale Training School to become the first professional school for nurses. That legacy has endured through the ages. Indeed, the Florence Nightingale Museum in Britain hails its namesake as the most influential woman to have lived in Victorian Britain, Queen Victoria excepted.

RESIDENT

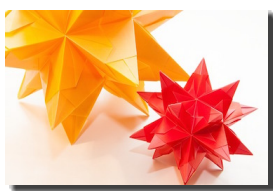
SHOUT OUT



Sharon O.

Hey everyone! I just have to give a huge shout out to October's resident superstar, Sharon! Seriously, Sharon is absolutely amazing and such a delight to be around. Her energy is infectious, and her laugh? It instantly puts a smile on your face no matter what kind of day you're having. She loves going to bingo, taking scenic drives, and chilling on the front porch with her girlfriends – sounds like the perfect way to spend a day, right? If you haven't met Sharon yet, you're seriously missing out. She's one of the best people here at Oakwood Village and hands down one of the most incredible friends you could ask for. So next time you see her in the hall, don't be shy – say hello! Sharon is definitely a friend for life, and I guarantee you'll be glad you did

Paper Alchemy



World Origami Days run from October 24 to November 11—Origami Day in Japan. During these two and a half weeks, paper folders around the world will

share their enduring pastime with seminars, exhibits, folding classes, and more.

The art of paper folding, known as *origami*, was invented in China around AD 105. The practice soon spread to Japan and western Europe. Paper folding, over its 2,000-year history, seems not to have gone out of style. In the 1950s, a woman named Lillian Oppenheimer made *origami* a household word in America. Oppenheimer, an origami devotee, teacher, and advocate, would go on to become an origami celebrity on TV programs such as *The Jack Parr Tonight Show*. Her birthday became the first day of World Origami Days.

What is the allure of origami? For many, it's an art form. Simple sheets of paper are transformed into elaborate sculptures: animals, plants, boxes, and *orizuru* (paper cranes). Monks are credited with bringing origami to Japan, though some say origami didn't flourish in Japan until after the invention of paper known as *washi*. Washi is ultrathin and made from the fibers of gampi tree bark, the mitsumata shrub, or the paper mulberry; it's sometimes mixed with bamboo, hemp, rice, or wheat. Once washi became available to the masses, everyone was able to participate in origami. Another theory for origami's popularity in Japan is its "folding culture," where the Japanese wisely make use of limited space. After all, futons are folding beds. Perhaps folded paper is just another natural outlet of this wisdom.

Either way, the folding of exquisite shapes delights the soul and challenges the fingers. Try it for yourself. Start with a frog, fan, hat, or even the crane, Japan's symbol of peace. And if you really want to be wowed, view the work of origami grandmaster Akira Yoshizawa. You may never see a piece of paper the same again.



Do you want to make your voice heard and stay informed about your community? Let us chat about important issues.

- Chat about any issues or concerns you may have.
- Discuss upcoming community events and activities.
- Quality of services provided.
- Feel free to share your suggestions.
- Ask questions.
- Work towards positive change within our community.

When: Wednesday Oct. 29th @ 2:00pm

Time: 2:00pm / Where: Poppy Room

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The Peanut Gallery On October 2, 1950, cartoonist Charles Schulz debuted his *Peanuts* comic strip. Schulz actually hated the name *Peanuts*. He had originally named the strip *L'il Folks*, but his publishers feared that this title was too similar to a comic strip called *Little Folks*.



Schulz then decided to call it *Good Old Charlie Brown* after its lead character, but once again his publishers intervened. Without even seeing the strip, they named it *Peanuts*, which was a common term for children in the 1950s, thanks to *The Howdy Doody Show*'s "Peanut Gallery." The name stuck, and Charlie Brown, Snoopy, Lucy, Linus, Sally, and the whole *Peanuts* gang have become international stars, appearing in 2,600 newspapers all around the world.

Meet our Team

Executive Director



Patty Uclaray

Business Office Manager



Destiny Moore

Life Enrichment Director



David Collison

Maintenance Director



Ryan Risdal

Resident Care Director



Malina Meador

Wellness Director



Heather Mendoza

Housekeeping Director



Joshua Ochinerio

Dietary Director



Mary Anna

October Birthdays

In astrology, those born between October 1–22 balance the scales of Libra. Libras seek harmony and value fairness and justice. Although they'd rather avoid conflict, they are excellent team players—tactful and polite at soothing those embroiled in an argument. If you're born between October 23–31, you are a Scorpio. Scorpions are powerful investigators who stay abreast of all the comings and goings of their peers, take control, and lead the way to success. Celebrities born in October include:

Groucho Marx (comedian) – Oct. 2, 1890
 Margaret Thatcher (PM) – Oct. 13, 1925
 Roger Moore (actor) – Oct. 14, 1927
 Evel Knievel (daredevil) – Oct. 17, 1938
 Jennifer Holliday (performer) – Oct. 19, 1960
 Joyce Brothers (doctor) – Oct. 20, 1927
 Mickey Mantle (ballplayer) – Oct. 20, 1931
 Annette Funicello (performer) – Oct. 22, 1942
 Jonas Salk (scientist) – Oct. 28, 1914

Handle with Flair



Purses, pocketbooks, satchels, totes, clutches—whatever the handbag, it's worth celebrating on October 10, Handbag Day.

Technically, a purse is only supposed to hold coins, whereas a handbag is a complete carryall. These days, anything goes in a handbag: wallet, keys, sunglasses, cell phone, mints, gum, pen, umbrella, baby toys.... Truly, some handbags carry as much as a small suitcase. The first handbags were made of leather, metal, or fabric studded with ornaments. The oldest surviving bag, dating back to c. 2500 BC, features beadlike rows of canine teeth on fabric. At just 700 years old, the bag pictured above (reputed to be a horseman's saddlebag) is intricately inlaid with gold and silver, depicting scenes of an enthroned couple, musicians, and hunters. It's kept for display at London's Courtauld Gallery.